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CHOICE

Fruit and Ornamental Trees



Shrubs, Vines and Flowering Plants
1937



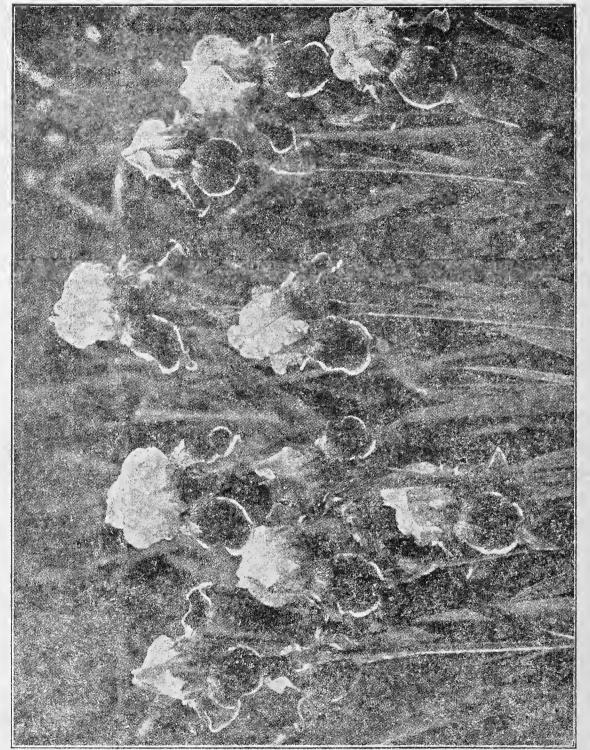
RICHARD LOHRMANN

THE WEST END NURSERY

Between Fifth and Center Sts.

SAN RAFAEL — CALIFORNIA

Phone San Rafael 934



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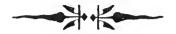
THE WEST END NURSERY

Between Fifth and Center Sts.

SAN RAFAEL — CALIFORNIA

Phone San Rafael 934

TO CORRESPONDENTS



I take pleasure in presenting herewith my twenty-seventh annual

catalogue and price list.

It has been my endeavor to list, as much as possible, only the very best and most satisfactory of both Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants. Whatever I am not able to grow on my own grounds, I procure from the most reliable Nurseries. My Nursery is located between Fifth Avenue and Center Street, one block north and two blocks west from the Telephone Building, corner Fourth and H Streets, San Rafael.

I do not give lengthy descriptions of plants, as it is far more satisfactory to see the plants actually growing in the nursery. have specimen plants of a number of varieties of trees and shrubs; therefore invite my customers and friends to visit the nursery when-

ever convenient.

Business hours from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., except Sundays.

I warrant all trees and plants to be healthy, and true to label, but having no control over them after delivery, I do not GUARAN-TEE them to live and thrive, nor will I replace them, except any tree or plant should prove untrue to name; but in no case will I be liable for any sum greater than the original purchase price.

My customers are requested to notify me immediately of any error that may have occurred in filling their order, so that the same may be rectified, as I desire to give satisfaction to all who

favor me with their order.

All orders delivered free in San Rafael and surrounding towns; a small charge for packing, to cover cost of material, will be made for all orders shipped by express or freight. All articles are at the risk of the purchaser, after being shipped.

Orders from unknown correspondents must be accompanied by cash or satisfactory reference. All bills payable first of the month.

STATE SALES TAX:

When ordering, please add to the amount of your order the California State Sales Tax, 3 cents for each dollar.

NOMENCLATURE

All plant names, both botanical and common, have been revised to conform with 1928 edition of "Standardized Plant Names" if listed in that book. The only exceptions are a few uncommon items and novelties which that book does not include. This standardized nomenclature should unquestionably be followed by everyone from now on.

RICHARD LOHRMANN

The West End Nursery Between Fifth Avenue and Center Street. San Rafael, California

Phone: S. R. 934

Fruit Trees

The varieties listed here are the best and most satisfactory for this locality. Prices for new varieties, and larger quantities on application. The trees are 1 and 2 years old, average 4 to 6 feet in height. Trees of bearing age, 3 to 4 years old, approximately higher in prices.

Planting Season:

January to March, except Citrus trees, which should not be planted until the heavy winter rains are over, after February 15th.

PRICES:

4 to 6 foot grade, 50 cents each; \$4.50 per 10, except where noted

APPLES:

Summer: Gravenstein.

Fall: Jonathan, Yellow Bellflower.

Winter: Delicious, Yellow Newton Pippin, Spitzenburg, Winesap.

Crab: Siberian Yellow, and Red.

APRICOTS:

Blenheim, Hemskirke, Royal, Tilton.

CHERRIES:

Black Tartarian, Bing, Royal Anne, Early Richmond, Mayduke.

NECTARINES:

Boston, Stanwick.

PEACHES:

Freestone: White:

Alexander, Briggs Red May, Hale's Early, Strawberry.

Freestone: Yellow:

Early Crawford, Foster, J. H. Hale, Late Crawford, Elberta, Muir. Salway.

Clingstone: Phillips, Tuscan.

PEARS:

Summer: Bartlett, Flemish Beauty.

Fall: Beurre Clairgeau, Buerre d'Anjon, Buerre Hardy, Doy-

enne de Comice.

Winter: Winter Nelis.

PRUNES:

Imperial, German, French, Hungarian.

PLUMS:

European varieties: Damson, Green Gage, Diamond, Jefferson, Washington, Vellow, Egg.

Washington, Yellow Egg.

Jap. varieties: Burbank, Wickson, Satsuma, Santa Rosa.

QUINCE:

Pineapple.

NUT TREES

ALMONDS:

Nonpareil, I. X. L.—50c each.

WALNUTS:

Franquette—\$1.50 each.

FILBERTS:

Barcelonia—75c to \$1.25 each.

MISCELLANEOUS FRUIT

FIGS:

White Adriatic, Brown Turkey Mission, Kadota—50c.

OLIVES:

Mission—50c each; Manzanillo—\$1.50 each.

PERSIMMONS:

Hachiya, very large fruit, extra fine ornamental tree—\$1.25 ea. **POMMEGRANATE:**

Wonderful, bushy plants—75c and \$1.00 each.

CITRUS TREES

PRICES: Balled, 4-5 ft.—\$2.00 each.

Grown in boxes—\$2.50 to \$3.50 each

ORANGES:

Washington Navel, Valencia Late.

LEMONS:

Eureka, Villa Franca.

LIMES:

Bears Seedless—\$2.50 each.

POMELOES, or Grapefruit.

Marsh's Seedless.

TANGERINES and MANDARINES—\$2.50 each.

DWARF CITRUS VARIETIES:

Otaheiti Orange, Meyers Chinese Lemon, Rangpur Lime, pot-grown—50c - \$1.25 each.

GRAPE VINES

European Table varieties:

Black Monucca, Black Muskat, Grosse Guilleaume, Golden Queen, Lady Finger, Muscat of Alexandria, Thompson's Seedless—20c each, \$1.50 per 10.

American varieties:

Agawam, Concord, Delaware, Green Mountain, Niagara, Pierce —25c each, \$2.00 per 10.

BERRY VINES

BOYSEN BERRY:

A new berry, twice as large as Youngberries, of excellent quality, jet black, very prolific—25c each.

BLACKBERRIES:

Corey's Thornless, Mammoth—15c each, \$1.50 per doz.

RASPBERRIES:

Cuthbert, Raneree—10c each, \$1.00 per doz.

YOUNGBERRIES:

One of the choicest berries in appearance, flavor and general usefulness. I year plants—15c each.

ARTICHOKES: Strong divisions—15c to 25c.

RHUBARB: Giant Crimson, Strawberry—15c to 25c.

STRAWBERRIES:

Banner, Progressive or Everbearing—30c per doz., \$2 per 100.

TO ENCOURAGE THE PLANTING OF TREES AND SHRUBS, WE OFFER FROM OUR SURPLUS STOCK—

10 ASSORTED SHRUBS FOR - - \$6.00

20 ASSORTED TREES AND SHRUBS FOR - \$10.00

Conifers

Coniferous Trees are the grandest trees in existence. A good many of them are natives of the Pacific Coast, and therefore at home in our climate. Though the more expensive varieties are of rather slow growth, until well established in the ground, they will grow into the finest specimen trees for the lawn in a few years. Prices are for small and medium-sized plants. Quotations for larger plants on application.

Planting Season:

Field-grown plants from October to March. Pot-grown and boxed plants from September to June.

plants from September to June.	- ·	/
	Pot-	Balledfor
ARAUCARIA—	grown	boxed
exelsa, Norfolk Island Pine, tender	$$1.25$	·
imbricata, Monkey Puzzle, boxed		2.50 - 3.00
bidwilli, Australian Bunya Tree		7.00.
	1.00	4 4 4 7
ABIES—	4 00	
arizonica glauca, very rare, slow growing.		2.50
balsamea, Balsam Fir, aromatic foliage		1.50 - 2.50
concolor, White Fir, or native Silver Fir.		2.00 - 5.00
homolepis, Nikko Fir, a rare ornamental	tree .75	•
nordmanni, Caucasian Fir, very symmetri	ical 1.00	1.50 - 4.00
pinsapo, Spanish Fir	1.00	. () - 8
CEDRUS—		,
	1 00	1.50- 4.00
deodara, Himalayan Cedaratlantica glauca, Blue Atlas Cedar		4.00 - 5.00
		4.00- 5.00
CEPHALOTAXUS—		
harringtonia fastigiata, Korean Yew		1.50-2.50
CHAMAECYPARIS—		
lawsoniana, Lawson's Cypress		1.50 - 5.00
lawsoniana alumi, blue, erect	50-75	1.00 - 2.50
lawnsonian nidifera, Birdnest Cypress		2.00 - 12.50
lawsoniana, stuarti, Stuart's Golden		1.50 - 3.00
plumosa aurea, golden Retinospora		
CRYPTOMERIA—		
jap: elegans, purplish bronze in winter.		1.50- 2.50
globosa compacta: a very dwarf compact		1.00 2.00
CUPRESSUS—	101111 .50	
	5.0	75 1 00
macrocarpa, Monterey Cypress		.75 - 1.00
sempervirens, Italian Cypress	.50	1.50-5.00
GINGKO—		
biloba, Maidenhair Tree, deciduous		1.25 - 2.50
JUNIPERUS—		
chinensis pfitzeriana, a fast growing sprea		
variety, bluish green foliage	•••••	1.50 - 2.50
chinensis pfitzeriana variegata, silvery v	vhite	
tips, but a faster growing variety than		
older variegated types		2.00 - 2.50
exelsa stricta, compact conical		1.00- 3.00
hibernica, Irish Juniper		1.50 - 3.50
horizontalis, one of the best trailing varie		1.00 0.00
grey green foliage, turning in winter to		
tallic purple, small plants only		
horizontalis douglasi, steel blue foliage, ir		
ular trailing habit		4 50 000
virginica Lebretoni, intense silver blue		1.50 - 3.00
virg: cannarti, bright green, compact, sle		à.
growth	1.50	
squamata meyeri, blue	75	1.25 - 2.50
procumbens, trailing, gray-green	.40 .60	2.00 - 2.50
sabina tamariscifolia		1.50 - 2.00

gro	ot- wn	Balle box	
europaea, Larch, European, deciduous		1.50-	2.00
LIBOCEDRUS—		1.00-	2.00
decurrens, Incense Cedar		1.00-	2.00
exelsa, Norway Sprucepungens, Colorado Spruce		1.00- 1.00-	
pungens glauca, Colorado Spruce		1.00-	
pungens kosteri, Koster's Blue Spruce PODOCARPUS—		4.00-	6.00
macrophylla, Jap. Yewtree	1.00		
PSEUDO TSUGA—	F.0	01 50 0	0.0
douglasi, Douglas FirPINUS—	.50	\$1.50-	p4.00
halepensis, Aleppo Pineradiata, Monterey Pine		1.00- .75-	$\begin{array}{c} 1.50 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$
montana mughus, Dwarf Pinetanyosho globosa, Table Pine	.30	1.50 -	$\begin{array}{c} 2.50 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$
SEQUOYA—			1.00
gigantea, Giant Sequoya	.75	,	1.25 1.75
THUYA—			
occidentalis pyramidalisoccidentalis woodwardii, dense globose form			$\begin{array}{c} 2.50 \\ 2.00 \end{array}$
orientali nana aurea, golden dwarf	.50	1.00-	
THUYOPSIS— dolobrata, dark glossy foliage, white under_			
neath, rather scarce	.75		
TSUGA— anadensis, Western Hemlock		150	2.50
TAXUS—		1.50-	2.50
baccata fastigiata, Irish Yew	.75	2.00- 1.25-	
TAXODIUM— distichum, Swamp Cypress, deciduous mucronatum, Montezuma Cypress			2.00
TORREYA— californica, Nutmeg Tree			

Evergreen Trees and Shrubs

Broad-leaved Evergreens vary in size from the largest trees to the smallest shrubs; unlike the coniferous Evergreens, whose flowers are insignificant, most of these excel in brilliancy and floriferousness, others through their shining berries and foliage. These plants give our California garden and parks their distinctive feature.

Planting Season:

October to April; pot-grown plants of this class can be planted any time during the year.

	Po	t-	Balled or
ABELIA—	grov	wn	boxed
grandiflora, pinkish white flowers\$.30-	.50	\$.75-\$1.50
floribunda, Red Abelia, very large trun	npet-		
shaped rosy red flowers, new	.35-	.50	$\boldsymbol{1.25}$
schumanni, another new Abelia, flowers	lilac		
pink	.50-	.75	

ACACTA	Pot-	Balled or
ACACIA—	grown	\mathbb{L} Boxed
bayleyana, bluish, green foliage		
cultriformis, grey green, bright yellow f		*
ers	60	
neriifol: floribunda, constant bloomer		Ŋ
decurrens dealbata (mollissima)		14 th
longifolia (latifolia)	.3040	
melanoxylon, Black Wattle	.4060	
ARBUTUS—		; ·
unedo, strawberry shrub	5.0	1.50 - 2.00
	•••	1.00 2.00
ANDROMEDA—		e = = 0 e 0 0 0
japonica, clusters of white drooping flowe	rs\$.75	\$1.50-\$2.00
AUCUBA—		•
japonica seratifolia, bright red berries	\cdot .30 .50	1.00 - 2.00
japonica aurea, Gold Dust plant	.3050	1.00 - 1.50
japonica, male plants	.3040	.75-1.00
AZALEA—		
hinodegiri, cherry red		1.00 - 2.00
indica, double varieties, at Christmas only	. 4 00	1.00 2.00
ledifolia, single white		1.50
Irumuma named varieties many colors	75 1 00	
kurume, named varieties, many colors	.75- 1.00	
AZARA—		1 00 1 50
microphylla, fragrant flowers	•••••	1.00-1.50
BERBERIS—		
darwini, golden yellow		1.00-1.25
dulcis nana, a compact dwarf form		
elegantissima, long yellow flowers		
knightii, dark green, strong growers	40	1.00 - 2.00
nevini, a grey-green dwarf, native var	• •	
yellow flowers, red berries	40	
sargentiana, dark green leaves	.4075	1.00 - 1.50
stenophylla, slender branches	40	1.00 - 1.25
triacanthaphora, new, pink flowers	40	1.00 - 1.25
verruculosa, semiprostrate, glossy leaves	75	
wilsoni, coral-red berries		1.00 - 2.00
BRUNFELSIA—		
floribunda, a beautiful shrub from So	n t h	
America, very fragrant, violet flowers t		
ing to white, prefers shade		
	1.20	
BUDDLEIA—	20 50	75 150
davidi magnifica, Summer Lilac		.75-1.50
globosa, orange flowers		
BUXUS—		
sempervirens, in bush form, cmall plants		.25 - 0.50
sempervirens, Boxwood, trimmed pyramids		2.50
suffruticosa, dwarf box		
for borders, per 100		2.00 - 3.00
balearica, Spanish Box	•••••	1.00-1.50
CAMELLIA—		
japonica, assorted colors, double and s	semi-	
double, named varieties		
sasanqua, a distinct species, single flower	ers	1.00-1.50
CALLIANDRA—		
tweediana, Mexican flame bush, vivid sc	arlet	
flowers		
CANTUA—		
buxifolia, tubular crimson flowers	50	
CARPENTERIA—		
californica, Tree Anemone, a native sh		
white flowers	50	
ā		

	Pot-		Balled or
CISTUS—	grown		boxed
corbariensis, small white flowers		50	•
crispus, Rock-Rose, lilac pink		60	
ladaniferus maculatus, brown eyed		50	
purpureus, very large flowers, reddish lila with maroon blotch, new		75	
CEANOTHUS—	.10	10	_ :
thyrsiflora, Mountain Lilac	25-	60	
hybrida, Gloire des Versailles, clear blue			
hybrida, Marie Simon, rose-pink		50	,
CINNAMOMUM—			٠.
camphora, Camphor tree	.75 1.		
CHIRONIA—			
linoides, a dwarf globular Shrub, rosy flow	ers .	50	
COPROSMA—			,
baueri, glossy foliage	.30	50	
CORONILLA—			* .
emerus, flowers yellow tinged red	.40	60	
COTONEASTER—	Ф	50	
coolidgei, new dwarf formtrancheti, yellowish red berries			\$1.00-\$2.50
larroviana, showy scarlet berries		75	1.00 - 2.00
pannosa, vermilion red berries		$\dot{60}$	1.00 2.00
parnayi, red berries, new		75	-
simonsi, orange red berries		40	1.00-1.50
Prostrate Varieties:			
decora, a low spreading variety, red berry		E 0	
very prolifichorizontalis, bright red berries		$egin{smallmatrix} 50 \ 50 \end{smallmatrix}$.75- 1.25
microphylla, rose-pink berries		50	.75 - 1.25
prostrata, a prostrate creeping variety		$\overset{\circ}{40}$.,,
thymifolia, very small leaves		60	
CYTISUS—			
multifloru albus, white bloom		. ,	1 00
praecox, a mass of creamy yellow flow		0.5	1 05 1 50
early in springracemosus, Dwarf Broom		$\begin{array}{ccc} 35 & & \\ 50 & & \end{array}$	1.25 - 1.50
scoparius hybrida, Irish hybrids, new		75	
scoparius hybrida, Mitchell's hybrids, na		• •	
varieties		75	
DAMNACANTHUS—			
indicus, small fragrant white flowers, c		0 =	4
red berries	•	35	× .
cneorum, Rock Daphne, very fragrant 1	00- 1	50	
odora marginata, pink		<i>o</i> 0	1.00- 2.00
DIOSMA—		,	
ericoides, Breath of Heaven		50	
ELAEAGNUS—			
pungens variegata			1.25 - 2.50
pungens maculata, golden ERICA—	.35	75	
codenoides veitchi, white			1.00- 1.50
mediterranea hybrida, dwarf trailing			.3550
melanthera, pink			.50- 1.50
melanthera, red, new			.75 - 1.00
melanthera rosea, new			.50-1.50
persoluta rosea EUONYMUS—			.50 - 1.00
japonica, green-leaved		3 A ·	1.00
japonica, aurea, golden-leaved			.75-1.25
japonica, argentea, silver-leaved			1.00 - 1.25

	Pot-	Balled or
EUGENIA—	grown	Boxed
apiculata ESCALLONIA—	.4050	
floribunda, long panicles of pure white flo	owers .40	
rocki, new, pink	.5060	
microphylla, dark crimson flowers, dwar		
growermontevidensis, white		.75- 1.50
ingrahami, rose		
rocki, new, pink		,
glasneviensis, light pink, new	.3550	1.00
EUCALYPTUS— globulus, Blue Gum	25- 50	
ficifolia, scarlet-flowering		
FREMONTIA—		
mexicana, orange yellow	.50-1.00	
GARRYA—	4 00	
fremonti, Silk Tassel shrub	1.00	
hispanica, Spanish Broom	\$.50	
monosperma pendula, Bridal Veil Broom .		
GREVILLEA—		
robusta, Silk Oak		
thelemani, red flowering, tender HELIANTHEMUM—		
chamae-cistus, Sunrose, apricot, salmon-	nink.	
yellow and red		
HYPERICUM—		
calycinum, a ground cover		100 150
henryi, golden yellow moserianum, large flowers, compact		1.00 - 1.50 $.75 - 1.00$
ILEX—		.,,
aquifolium, grafted, English Holly		3.00- 5.00
cornuta, Chinese Holly, berried	1.00	
KALMIA— letifolia Mountain Lourel		200 250
latifolia, Mountain Laurel LAUROCERASUS—		2.00-2.50
officinalis latifolia, English Laurel	.3060	1.00- 3.00
luistanica, Portugal Laurel		
LIGUSTRUM—		
henryii, small, glossy foliage		.75-1.50 $1.00-1.50$
lucidum, broad, glossy leavesovalifolium, Cal. Privet, per 100		5.00- 7.50
ovalifolium, compacta, globe-shaped		1.00 - 5.00
ovalifolium, variegated, golden Privet		F 0.0 7 F 0
vulgaris, European Privet, per 100 LEPTOSPERMUM—	•••••	5.00- 7.50
chapmani, the true pink variety, very scar	ce .5075	
laevigatum, Australian Teabush	.50-	
nicholsi, red flowering	.3575	
LIBONIA— floribunda winter bloomer		.75- 1.00
floribunda, winter bloomer LONICERA—		.10- I.UU
nitida, box-honeysuckle	40	.75- 1.50
pileata, privet-honeysuckle		$\boldsymbol{1.25}$
LEUCADENDRON—	1 00	
argentea, African Silver Tree	I.UU	
grandiflora, Southern Magnolia	1.25- 1.50	

		wn	
MAHONIA—			Balled or
aquifol, Oregon Holly Grapebealei, Jap. Holly Grape			.75- 1.00
MYRTUS—			
communis, Myrtle, English	.30-	.40	
communis microphylla, Bridal Myrtle		.40	
communis nana, dwarf		.40	
ugni, Chile-Guava		.40	
MICHELEA-			
fuscata, Banana Shrub		75	
NANDINA			
domestica, scarlet berries	,	750	$.75-1.\overline{50}$
oleander, assorted colors	.40-	.50	2.00
OSMANTHUS—			•
aquifolium, Holly-leaved		.50	
fragrans, small yellow, remarkably frag			-
flowers		.75	
delavayi, very fragrant, white flowers		1.00	
PITTOSPORUM—			
crassifolium, dark grey			\$1.00-\$2.00
eugenoides, yellowish green			.75-1.50
tenuifolium, black-stemmed			.75 - 3.50
tobira, bright green leaves		.40	.75 - 1.00
tobira variegata		.35	
undulatum, large, rich green leaves	.40-	.50	
PIMELEA—			
ferruginea, pink flowers		.7,5	
PHOTINIA—		Ŧ	
arbutifolia, Toyon or Calif. Christmas			
berry		.60	
serrulata nova, Chinese Toyon		.75	2.00
PRUNUS—			
ilicifolia, California Wild Cherry	.30-	.40	
lyoni, Catalina Cherry		.35	
PYRACANTHA—			
angustifolia, orange yellow berries	.40-	.60	1.00- 3.00
coccinea lalandi, orange berries			1.00 - 2.00
yunanensis, coral red berries		.75	1.00 - 1.50
crenulata, red berries		.60	1.00 - 1.50
rogersiana aurantiaca, orange	.50-	.75	
formosana, extra large red berries	.40-	.75	1.00 - 3.00
gibbsii. yellow berries, new	.50-	.75	
formosana, Hybrids, orange to red	.30-	.75	
RHAMNUS—			
alaternus variegatus, Variegated Calif.			
Coffee berry	.30-	.50	,
RHAPHIOLEPIS—			
indica rosea, pink flowers, new		1.00	
RHODODENDRON—			
Pink Pearl large light pink			5.00
Hybrids, named varieties			3.50 - 4.00
SCHINUS—			
mollis, California PepperVIBURNUM—	.50-	.75	v
tinus, Laurustinus		$.50^{\circ}$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
tinus, variegated		4.0	.75-1.25
rhytidophyllum, large dark green leaves. VERONICA—	v-	.40	
cupressoides, cypress-like foliage			1.00
hulkeana, long lavender blue panicles		.40	.75-1.00
traversi, white, compact		.40	.75-1.25

Deciduous Trees and Shrubs

The best street and avenue trees are decidedly deciduous trees; they will give the necessary shade in summer and admit sunshine in winter. In this class are also the most gorgeous spring and summer blooming shrubs. Deciduous weeping trees are beautiful specimen trees for the lawn.

Prices are for field-grown plants, except where noted.

Planting Season:

November to March, after leaves commence to fall and before they commence to bud in spring.

they commence to but in spring.		
ACER—	Field-g	rown
dasycarpum, Silver Maple	1.00 -	1.50
negundo, our native Box-Elder		
negundo variegata, Silver Box Elder, boxed		1.50
platanoides, Norway Maple		1.00
and cut leaved Maple, pot-grown or balled	2.00 -	
saccharinum, Sugar Maple		$\boldsymbol{1.25}$
palmatum atropurpureum, Japanese purple-leaved		
and cutleaved Maple, pot-grown or balled		2.50
circinatum, the Vine Maple of the northern woods	\$	31.25
AESCULUS—		
rubra, redfl, Horse Chestnut	1.00 -	2.50
AZALEA—		
alta clarense, golden yellow		
mollis, assorted colors		2.00
mollis, J. C. Van Thol, vivid red flowers		-2.50
BETULA—		
alba, white European Birch		
alba pendula laciniata, cut-leaved weeping		
alba purpurea, purple leaved	1.25 -	2.00
BERBERIS—		
aggregata, brilliant autumn foliage		1.25
thunbergii atropurpurea, NEW, purple-leaved	.75-	1.00
CARYOPTERIS—		
incana, blue Spiraea	.50-	.75
CAESALPINIA—		
gilliesi, Bird of Paradise Shrub, (pot grown 35c)	.75-	1.50
CERCIS—		1 05
canadensis, Red Bud	.75-	
chinensis, Chinese Red Bud		1.50
CORYLUS—	, ,	1 05
atropurpurea, purple Filbert	.75-	1.25
CORNUS—		1 00
kousa, white flowers, scarlet fruit, boxed		$\frac{1.00}{1.50}$
florida, Flowering Dogwood, white, boxed		$\begin{array}{c} 1.50 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$
florida rubra, redfl, Dogwood, boxednuttallii, Pacific Dogwood	1.00	
CRATAEGUS—English Hawthorn	1.00-	1.00
oxyacantha pauli, double scarlet	1.50-	2 00
monogyna rosea, double pink		
monogyna, abla plena, double white	1.50-	$\frac{2.00}{2.00}$
carrierii, large red fruit		
cordata, Washington thorn		
pinnatifida major, large red fruit, new		1.00
CYDONIA—	•	2.00
japonica, flowering Quince, scarlet	.75-	1.25
japnica, salmon pink, pot-grown		.50
japonica, rose pink		
japonica nivalis, white		1.00
U A,		

DEUTZIA— gracilis, dwarf, white	Field-g	rown
magnifica, new double white, tall		
scabra crenata, double pink	50-	1.00
Pride of Rochester, double white to pink EXOCHORDA—	.50-	.75
grandiflora, Pearl bush, pot-grown		.75
sylvatica purpurea, Rivers Purple Beech, pot-grown sylvatica laciniata, Fernleaf Beech		$\begin{array}{c} 2.00 \\ 3.00 \end{array}$
FORSYTHIA— spectabilis, Golden Bell, large flower	75-	1.00
FRAXINUS— velutinosa, Arizona Ash	1 00-	1 50
HYDRANGEA		
hortensis, common pink, pot-grown 30c		$\begin{array}{c} 1.00 \\ 2.00 \end{array}$
Franco-German Varieties:		
Avalanche, white Eclaireur, dwarf, red flower		1.00 $.75$
Parsifal, rosy red, fringed		$.7\overline{5}$
Assorted Named Varieties		.75
paniculata grandiflora, large white pointed trusse of flowers, boxed		1.00
KERRIA—		
japonica, double yellow	50-	1.00
amabilis, Chinese Beauty-Bush, new	.50-	1.50
(pot-grown plants 30c, 40c and 60c) LABURNUM —		
vossii, Golden Chain, extra long flowers		1.00
LAGERSTROEMIA— indica, Crape Myrtle, pink, pot-grown 50c	75-	1.00
LIQUIDÁMBAR— styraciflua, Sweet Gum, pot-grown 75c, boxed		1.50
LIPPIA—		
citriodora, Lemon Verbena, pot-grown LIRIODENDRON—	30-	.75
tulipifera, Tulip Tree, boxedLONICERA—		2.00
tatarica, pink Bush Honeysuckle		.75
acuminata, cream yellow, boxed		2.00
soulangeana, pink, pot-grown and boxed 2.00	- 2.50-	3.00
liliflora-nigra, wine colored, pot-grownstellata, white, semi-double, pot-grown	1.25-	$\frac{3.00}{2.50}$
MORUS—		
alba pendula, weeping Mulberry PHILADELPHUS—	2.50-	5.00
virginal, semi-double, Mock orange		
mexicana, creamy white, pot-grown		.75
orientalis, Sycamore POPULUS—	1.00-	2.00
nigra italica, Lombard Poplar	.75-	2.00
PUNICA— granatum, Pommegranat, double scarlet	75-	1.25
granatum nanum, double dwarf,	75-	1.00
imperialis, Empress Tree	75-	1.50
PAEONIA— moutan, Jap. Tree Paeony		3.50
QUERCUŚ—		
rubra, Scarlet Oak	"	1.25

sanguineum, Cal. redflowering Currant, pot-grown 25c .75- 1.00 ROBINIA— decaiseana, Pink Locust
hispida macrophylla, dark rose
umbraculi formis, Globe Locust
RHUS—
typhina, staghorn sumach
SALIX— habelevice Weening Willer
babylonica, Weeping Willow
SORBUS— aucuparia, Mountain Ash
SPIRAEA—
Anthoney Waterer, rose pink, dwarf
douglasi, pink
froebeli, rose pink
prunifolia, Bridal Wreath
reevesiana, single white
reevesiana, double white
SYMPHORICARPUS—
vulgaris, Indian Currants
SYRINGA—
persica laciniata, cut-leaved Persian Lilac, pot-grown .50
vulgaris, Lilac, purple and white
French varieties, single and double
TILIA—
cordata, European Linden
TAMARIX—
africana
americana, American Elm
pumila, Siberian Elm
Moline, columnar type, new
VIBURNUM—
opulus ,sterilis, Snowball
carlesi, new, sweet scented, pot-grown
WEIGELIA—
florida rosea, pink
Eva Rathke, red flowering
Steltzneri, rosy-red
venusta, large rose flowers, new

Flowering Fruit Trees

Among the flowering trees the flowering types of our fruit trees are undoubtedly the most popular. Beginning with the flowering Almonds, Apricots and Plums in February and March, followed by the gorgeous double flowers of the Peaches and numerous types of Crabapples in April, and finishing up in May and early June with a splendid display of the Japanese Cherries, will mean a continuous blossom time at home in your garden.

Planting Season:
January to March, or earlier, if stock is available, and the weather permits.

weather permits.		
FLOWERING ALMONDS—	Field-gr	own
Amygdalus communis, fl. pl., double pink, dwarf	50-	.75
FLOWERING APRICOT—		
Prunus mume: Dawn, double salmon, pink	75- 1	1.50
FLOWERING PLUM—		
Prunus pissardi, single, purple leaved	75- :	2.00
Prunus blireana, fl. pl., double pink	75- :	2.00
Prunus triloba, double pink, bushy		
Prunus Vesuvius, Coppery purple		

FLOWERING PEACH	\$
Amygdalus persica, Aurora, a new color, a clear soft	
light pink	1.00
Amygdalus persica, camellia florae, double red\$.75	-\$1.50
Field-	${ m grown}$
Amygdauls persica, Burbank, double pink	- 1.00
Amygdalus persica, double white	
Mandarin, a solid mass of double red flowers, dwarf	1.00
FLOWERING CRABAPPLE—	
Malus aldenhamensis, dark foliage, new 1.50	
Malus hopa, red fruit, flowers and leaves	1.50
Malus ioensis, Bechtel's double rose	\cdot 1.00
Malus halliana (Kaido), semi-double carmine, slender	,
	-1.50
Malus toringo, bright red flower buds, red and yellow	
fruit, boxed	-2.00
FLOWERING JAPANESE CHERRY—	0.00
Prunus campanulata, deep rose red, single 1.00-	
Prunus serrulata, varieties	-2.00
Daybreak, single pink, blooms before the leaves ap-	•
pear.	
Kwanzan, large double pink.	,
Pink Pearl, the earliest double, light pink.	
Shirotae, Mt. Fuji, double white.	
Chirofugen, Victory, dbl. pink to white.	
Weeping varieties:	0.50
Single, pink, 5 to 6-foot stem	2.50
Double, pink, 5-foot stem	2.50

Climbing Plants

A most useful class of plants, for covering bare walls, trellises, unsightly fences, to plant on verandas and pergolas, in rockeries and as a ground cover under trees.

Planting Season:

October to April, except Bougainvillea and the tender Passion Vines, which are better planted after the danger of heavy frost is passd after April 1st.

AMELOPSIS—	Pot-grown
quinquefol, Virginia creeper	
sempervirens	.30
tricuspidata, Boston Ivy	.3550
BIGNONIA—	
cherere, blood-red, tender	
radicans grandiflora, Trumpet Vine, field-grown	
speciosa violacea, lilac, inside yellow	.35
tweediana, lemon yellow	.35
BOUGAINVILLEA—	
braziliensis, rosy purple flowers, tender	1.00
CHORIZEMA—	
ilicifolia, holly-leaved, orange red flowers	.50
CLEMATIS—	
montana, white, spring bloomer	
jackmani, large flowering, purple	
Ramona, large, blue	1.00
Duchesse of Edinburgh, double white	
Barin Veillard, satiny lavendar pink	
Henryii, large single white	. 1.00
FICUS—	
pumila	.35
HARDENBERCIA—	
monophylla, pink lilac	3560

HEDERA— maderensis, variegated foliage helix, English Ivy JASMINUM—		.75
officinale, white	.35-	.35 .50 .75
belgica, creamy purple, fragrant japonica halliana, Honeysuckle sempervirens fuchsioides, scarlet MANDEVILLEA—		.35 .30 .35
suaveolens, white, very fragrant		.50
chamissoi, Yerba Buena MUHLENBECKIA— aamplaya Maidanhain Vina		.25 $.30$
complexa, Maidenhair Vine PHASIOLUS— caracalla, Snail-Vine		75
PLEROMA— grandiflora, purple to violet flowers POLYGONUM—	*	.50
auberti, Silver Lace-Vine PLUMBAGO—		.30
capensis, azure blue and white RHYNCHOSPERMUM— jasminoides, Star Jasmine	,	.50 $.75$
SOLLYA— heterophylla, Australian Blue Bells	*	.35
TECOMA— jasminoides, light pink flowers, glossy foilage WISTARIA—	.35-	.50
sinensis, purple sinensis, Standards multijuga longissima, extra long purple flowers multijuga, alba, white multijuga rosea, pink		2.00 3.50 1.50 1.50 1.50

Palms, Ferns and Foliage Plants

Hardy Palms are undoubtedly the most decorative plans in our garden, a group of several varieties, including plants of similar habits, will give the landscape a tropical appearance. Prices are for smaller plants, potted or balled; quotations for large specimens and varieties not mentioned, on application.

Planting Season:

February to April for outdoor palms and similar plants, after the winter rains are over.

	Pot	_	Ball	ed or
ACANTHUS—	grow	n		xed
mollis, a handsome foliage plant	.35	.50		
AGAPANTHUS—				
umbellatus, African Lily, divisions, blue			.35-	.50
ARALIA—				
Sieboldi	.35-	.50		
ARUNDO—				
donax variegata, Spanish Cane			.50-	.75
CHAMAEROPS—				
humilis, Hair Palm			\$2.00-	\$5.00
COLOCASIA—				
esculentum, Elephant's Ear	.35-	.50		
CORDYLINE—				
australis, Dracena			1.00 -	5.00

CANNA indica, named varieties	Pot- Grown	Balled or Boxed
CORTADESIA—		.75- 1.50
argentea, Pampas Grass		.75- 1.50
papyrus, Egyptian paper plant	75	
MUSA— ensete, Banana plant	75	1.50
PENNIUTUM—		1.50
Rueppelianum, Fountain Grass	25	•
PHOENIX—		
canariensis, Canary Island Palm		1.50-5.00
PHORMIUM— tenax, New Zealand flax		.50- 1.00
tenax variegata aurea, golden		•
PHYLLOSTACHYS—		
aurea, Golden Bamboo		1.50
nevini, dwarf Bamboo		.75- 1.25
TRACHYCARPUS— exelsa, Windmill Palm		1.50- 5.00
TRITOMA—		
uvaria, yellow	40	
woodwardia— chamissoi, Giant Calif. Chain Fern		.50- 1.00
YUCCA—		
whipplei, Calif. Yucca	.40- 1.00	
FOR HOUSE AND POR	CH	
ASPARAGUS—		
Sprengerii, in pots		
Sprengerii, in baskets		
luridaADIANTUM—	1.00- 2.00	
pedatum, Five-Finger Fern	.1535	
assorted varieties	.50-1.50	
CIBOTIUM— Schiedei, Tree Fern	200 500	
CYRTOMIUM—		
falcatum, Holly Fern FICUS—	.2550	
elastica	1.00- 3.00	
HIPPEASTRUM— vittata, hybrid Amaryllis	.50- 1.00	
NEPHROLEPIS— Boston Ferns, assorted varieties	.75- 3.00	
SANSEVERIA— laurenti, very artistic	.50- 2.50	
PANDANUS— veitchi	200-250	
PHILODENDRON—	2.00- 2.00	
cordatum, Totem Poles 1 pertusum (Monsteria deliciosa) 1		
PHOENIX— roebelini, a very graceful house plant	3.00	2.0
PTERIS— A senus of small Forms asserted varia-		
A genus of small Ferns, assorted varieties	.2550	
HOWEA—	F0 9 F0	
belmoreana, Kentia Palm 1	50- 3.50	
1.0		

Roses

The "Queen of Flowers" gives best results when planted in a sunny location and in a fairly heavy sediment soil. Be sure that the plants are set deep enough, at least one or two inches deeper, than where the bud has been inserted. Prune rather severe during the winter months, December to February, except the spring blooming climbing Roses like Banksias, Cherokees and Ramblers. Prune these roses right after the blooming season is over, never in the fall.

Budded Roses are more vigorous and give better results than stock grown on its own roots, with the exception of a few climbing and strong growing varieties.

Planting Season:

January to March, also in the late fall, if stock is available.

PRICES

FOR STRONG TWO YEAR OLD FIELD GROWN NO. 1 GRADE, BUSH AND CLIMBING ROSES:

50 cents each

\$4.50 per 10, except where otherwise noted 40 Cents each, our selections, and for quantities over 25 and more

BUSH ROSES

Autumn:

An unusual color combination of deep burnt orange and pink, streaked read, glossy foliage.

Betty Uprichard:

Delicate salmon-carmine, reverse a deep coppery carmine.

Conqueror:

A rich orange yellow bud, opening out to a brilliant, fiery flame color.

Cuba:

Semi-double, bright vermillion scarlet.

Dame Edith Helen:

Brilliant pink, perfect full flowers, very fragrant.

Duchesse of Athol:

A rich shade of golden bronze flushed orange, one of the best of th newer varieties.

Duchesse of Wellington:

Saffron yellow, an old rose, but always in bloom tea scented.

E. G. Hill:

A dazzling deep scarlet red, very fragrant.

Etoile de Holland:

Large brilliant red.

General McArthur:

Bright scarlet-red, vigorous grower.

Golden Emblem:

A rich, deep golden yellow, one of the very best.

Golden Ophelia:

Golden center, outer petals pale yellow.

Gruss an Koburg:

Delicate apricot yellow, shaded coppery pink, very fragrant.

Hadley:

One of the best dark velvety reds.

Hoosier Beauty:

A rich, deep velvety crimson.

J. Otto Thilo:

Perfect buds, double flowers or rich rose-pink.

Lady Hillington:

A clear aprioct yellow, long bud.

Los Angeles:

Flame pink, shading to coral and gold.

Marie Dot:

Reddish salmon yellow, opening into a luminous salmon pink, overlaid with a coppery sheen.—60 cents each.

McCredy's Ivory:

Color anattractive warm ivory, thick pedals, perfect form.—75c Margaret McGredy:

A marvelous color of orange vermillion.

Miss Rowena Thom:

Large blooms of rose-pink, shaded a dusky gold.

Mrs. Chas. Russell:

A deep carmine, well formed bud.

Mrs. Herbert Stevens:

Large pure white, perfect form.

Mrs. Sam McGredy:

A glowing combination of red copper and orange, changing to pink, suffused with gold—60c each.

Ophelia:

Salmon flesh, shaded rose.

Padre:

Rich coppery scarlet, shaded yellow at base.

President Hoover:

A charming combination of cerise-pink, flame, scarlet and yellow, strong stems.

Shot Silk:

Orange cerise, suffused with gold.

The Queen Alexandra:

Vermillion, shaded old gold.

Talisman:

Orange red, opening into a golden yellow bloom, stained with coppery red and orange rose.

Vaterland:

A profusion of dark crimson flowers, strong bushes.—75c each.

SINGLE ROSES

Austrian Copper:

Brilliant coppery red.

Dainty Bess:

Delicate pink, with contrasting wine-red stamens.

Irish Fireflame:

Deep orange, flushed crimson.

Isobel:

Carmine red, shaded orange.

CLIMBING ROSES

Belle of Portugal:

Delicate soft pink, tinged with salmon, strong grower.

Climbing Duchesse of Athol:

The good qualities of the bush type are repeated in this new Climber, a brillian orange bronze.—75c each.

Climbing Golden Emblem:

A vigorous grower, golden yellow flowers.

Climbing General McArthur:

Bright scarlet red, a free blooming variety.

Climbing Lady Hillingdon:

A vigorous climber, apricot yellow.

Climbing Hadley:

Deep crimson, fragrant.

Climbing Hoosier Beauty:

Velvety red, fragrant flowers.

Climbing Mme. Cecile Brunner:

A sport of the well known "Baby" Rose, salmon-pink, strong grower.

Climbing Yellow C. Brunner:

Golden Yellow, orange center, Baby Rose.

Climbing Talisman:

A sport of the popular Bush-rose, identical in color and foliage, but a strong grower.

Lamarque:

Pure white, tinged with lemon yellow at center. Marechal Niel:

Flowers deep lemon yellow, full and globular, very fragrant.

Mme. Gregoire Staechelin:

Of unusual beauty, pearlpink, petals prettily cured, of Spanish origin.

THE FOLLOWING VARIETIES BLOOM ONLY IN THE SPRING

American Pillar:

Pink, white eye, strong grower.

Banksia:

In two varieties, double white and double yellow, almost evergreen.

Beauty of Glazenwood:

Locally known as the San Rafael Rose, a gorgeous color combination of copper, carmine and salmon.

Cherokee:

Double white, one of the best evergreen hedge-roses.

Cherokee:

Single pink, large flowers.

Mermaid:

Large single pale sulphur-yellow flowers, with golden amber stamens.

Pauls Scarlet Climber:

Vivid scarlet, in a class by itself.

Improved Pauls Scarlet Climber:

A selection from the above variety, better blooms and supposed to bloom more or less during the summer.—75c each.

Ramona:

The single red Cherokee Rose.

Silver Moon:

Large creamy white flowers, extremely strong grower.

Tausendschoen:

Semi-double soft pink flowers produced in clusters.

Standard Roses

TREE SHAPED, NO. 1 GRADE, ON STOUT STEMS, 31/2 TO 4 FEET HIGH:

\$2.00 each

\$1.85 each for quantities of ten and more.

PATENTED ROSES

Nationally advertised patented Roses are sold subject to the Patent Laws of the U.S. I have none of the varieties in stock but can obtain the same from a reliable firm, licensed to distribute them, but NO GUARANTEE as to the qualities of the Roses sold. The price ranges from \$1.00 to \$2.50 each, cash with order.

Dahlias

The following list of Dahlias comprises the cream of numerous varieties in commerce. They have been selected for their superiority in purity of color, perfection of form, length of stem continuous blooming, etc.

Planting Season: May 1st to June 15th.

CALIFORNIA DAHLIAS OF MY OWN INTRODUCTION
ELSA-
Fluffy white flowers, yellow center, paeony\$
LA FAVORITA—
First prize at the San Francisco Dahlia Show in 1919:
color: a beautiful brilliant salmon red
MRS. RICHARD LORHMANN—
A pure golden yellow, of immense size, full center, broad
curly petals; awarded Gold Medal at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition
PRIDE OF CALIFORNIA—
Awarded the American Dahlia Society Medal at the S. F.
Dahlia Show in 1918; color: dark red, large flowers on
long stems
SENORITA—
This giant decorative Dahlia was awarded a silver medal in
the 3-year-old Seedling Class at the Palace Hotel Show
in San Francisco in 1921. A rich velvety crimson
Awarded Gold Medal for the best established Seeding at the
Palace Hotel Show, San Francisco in 1925. A golden
yellow Hybrid Cactus, the giant flowers are held on
strong stems well above the foliage
202028 200220 11021 2001 2002 2002
GENERAL COLLECTION
GENERAL COLLECTION
CONQUISTADOR—
Immense Hybrid Cactus, light salmon yellow
EL GRANADA—
A vivid orange, the petals twisted and interlaced
ELLINOR VANDEVEER—
Rose pink
JANE COWL— Color: Old Cold blonding to apricet and rese at the center
Color: Old Gold, blending to apricot and rose at the center, one of the very best
JERSEY BEAUTY—
A perfect bloom of a deep rose pink
ISLAM PATROL—
A glorious color combination of red and gold
INSULINDE—
Golden orange, suffused with brown and apricot
LADY FRANCIS—
An immense flower, old rose
NUGGETT—
One of the old show Dahlias, golden bronze
A beautiful lavender pink Hybrid Cactus
SALBACHS WHITE—
A fine white decorative
SANTA BARBARA—
An immense decorative Dahlia, color salmon pink

JEWELTJE (Little Jewel)—	
Not over 3 inches in diameter; of perfect form; a continuous bloomer, and the color, a clear delicate pink. The	
finest little Dahlia for cutting and florist work	.35
Assorted named varieties	
POMPON DAHLIAS—	
These produce small, compact flowers of perfect form and	
free blooming qualities. They are unequaled for cutting	
and garden display. Named varieties, each	
Per dozen	2.50
DAHLIA MAXONI—	
The Mexican Tree Dahlia grows to a height from 8 to 10	
feet, foliage very ornamental; the dark lavender-pink	
flowers appear in November, each	.60
SPECIAL COLLECTION	
My own selection, 12 assorted large flowering varieties	4.00

Water Lilies

The culture of Water Lilies is so simple that it might almost be said that "they just grow themselves." Their modest requirements are sun, water and rich soil. In deciding on a place for a natural water-garden one is naturally led to select a low spot.

It is not very difficult to construct an artificial pool. Any location that is available would be satisfactory, provided it is exposed to the full sun.

An artificial pool should be made as large as possible, and 2 feet deep. In California it is advisable to build the bottom and side walls of 6-inch water tight concrete. Make an artificial pool as natural as possible and avoid stern lines and too apparent masonry. A generous planting of moisture-loving plants around the edge of the pool or pond will furnish an added charm to the plants in the pool itself.

One foot of water over the soil is the most desirable depth in artificial pools. Some will thrive in shallower water, but few will stand a depth exceeding 2 or 3 feet. A continuous flow of water tends to keep the imperature in the pool low and must be avoided. After the pool is once filled it is only neessary to replenish that which evaporates.

A few Goldfish will serve to destroy the wrigglers that hatch into mosquitos and larvae of other insects.

NYMPHAEAS

COMANCIII

COMANCHE—	
Rich apricot, changing to a deep coppery bronze, a sunset	
color, each	\$1.00
CONQUEROR—	
Brilliant crimson, shaded white, each	1.00
ESCARBOUCLE—	
A brilliant uniform vermillion, each	2.00
GLADSTONE—	
The finest white Water Lily in cultivation, each	1.00
GONNERE—	
Pure white, double, each	2.00
JAMES BRYDON—	
Rosy red, cup-shaped blossoms, free grower, each	1.50
MARLIAC YELLOW—	
A vigorous grower; bright canary yellow, each	1.00
MASANIELLO—	- 00
A charming pink variety, quite distinct, each	1.00

PAUL HARIOT—	. 1 (1
A magnificent variety, distinctive color: canary yellow,	•
shaded with pink, which suffuses the flower entirely as it	
grows older. A good grower, each	1.00
SOMPTUOSA—	
Large, deep rosy pink, each	1.00
SUNRISE—	
Very large sulphur yellow flowers, leaves mottled brown,	
each	2.00
W. B. SHAW—	
Wide open flowers of a rich rose pink, very fragrant, each	1.50

TROPICAL WATER LILIES

Sooner or later every owner of a pool wants to grow a few tropical water lilies. Considering their intensive blooming season, the quality of their flowers, on strong stems above the water, they are really the aristocrats of the lily pool. Young plants have to be started in the greenhouse, and should not be planted until the middle of May. It is best toset out new plants every year. Order early. Prices, according to variety, from \$1.50 up.

NELUMBIUM NUCIFERA

The most strikingly beautiful plant in the aquatic field is the Lotus or Nelumbium. The large concave leaves, resembling green shields, are borne on stout stems high above the water. The flowers are of exquisite rose pink, like giant Tulips, changing to creamy tints when fully open.

The brown seed-pods, which remain long after the flower is gone, are very artistic.

The Nelumbiums are rampant growers and heavy feeders and must be supplied with a very rich soil.

Tubers ready in May, each\$1.75

Hardy Perennials

Herbaceous plants are indispensable for filling in and planting amongst shrubbery, in the rock gardens, for the old-fashioned perennial border, etc. Most varieties, after once planted, will live and bloom without much attention, for many years. Prices are for field-grown, potted or transplanted seedling plants.

Planting Season:

October to March, as early as possible, whenever the soil is in good condition.

ALTHAEA— Each de	er oz.
rosea, Hollyhocks, double white, pink, yellow and salmon colors\$.15 \$1.	50
ALSTROEMERIA—	
aurantiaca, Peruvian Lily	00
ANCHUSA—	
italica, Lissadell Hybrids, intense blue	
ANEMONE—	
japonica, white, pink and rosy red	00
AQUILEGIA—	
caerulea, hybrida, long-spurred Columbine	50
ARINARIA—	
Caespitosa, Irish Mossper flat 1.	35

ASTER FRICARTI—	Each	Per doz.
Wonder of Staffa, intense blue		uoz.
BELLIS— never pink galmen pink red and white		.30
perennis, pink, salmon pink, red and white		.50
CAMPANULA—		
Medium Canterbury Bells, blue and pink Per box of 50 plants, \$1.35		.40
pyramidalis, blue, tall	.20	2.00
COREOPSIS—		
grandiflora, golden yellow		.35
CONVOLVULUS—		
mauretanicus, blue	.15	1.50
DIANTHUS barbatus, Sweet William, in dark and light colors		.35
Per box of 50 plants, \$1.25		
plumarius, Border Pinks, small plants		.35
DIELYTRA— spectabilis, Bleeding Heart, potted	5.0	
DELPHINIUM—	.00	
hybridum, tall hybrids from the best strains		2.00
Extra selected plants		$3.50 \\ .50$
DIGITALIS—		.00
purpurea gloxiniaefl, Foxgloves, small plants		.50
aristata, Portola Hybrids		.40
GEUM—		
chiloense, Mrs. Bradshaw, double scarlet Lady Stratheden, orange-yellow, per box \$1.50		$\begin{array}{c} .50 \\ .50 \end{array}$
GERBERA— jamesoni, Transvaal Daisy	.25	2.50
HEMEROCALLIS— flavo Day Liliag aggerted varieties	5 25	
flava, Day Lilies, assorted varieties	555	•
sanguinea, Plui de Feu, Coral Bells	.15	1.50
IRIS— germanica, German Iris or Flag Lilies, one of the		
most desirable and easiest grown Iris, and par-		
ticularly adapted to our climate. The flowers fairly outrival the orchids in their wide range of		
colors; named varieties, strong divisions	.20	2.00
Assorted varieties, unnamed — \$1.50 doz.; \$10.00		
per 100. IRIS—		
foeti-dissima, red seeds		
kaempferi, Jap. Iris, named varieties	$\begin{matrix} .35 \\ .25 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.50 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$
pseudo-acorus, Water Iris, yellowsibirica, orientalis, gentian blue		1.50
LAVENDULA—		
officinalis, Lavenderdentata, French Lavender		
LEONOTIS—		
leonurus, Lions' ear		•••••
officinalis, herbaceous, named varieties		
PYRETHRUM—	.15	1.50
roseum, rose and pink shades predominating	• T O	1.00

•		\mathbf{Per}
PAPAVER—	Each	Doz.
orientalis, Oriental Poppy	.15	1.50
PENTSTEMON—		
gloxinoides, mixed colors, per box, \$1.35	· .	.40
PHLOX—		
paniculata, named hybrid varieties	,25	2.50
PRIMULA—	*	r
auricula	.20	2.00
cashmeriana denticulata, Hybrids, in shades from		
white to lilac, rosy purple and blue	.15	1.50
Helodoxa, a beautiful golden yellow	1.25	
japonica, rich red and maroon shades	.20	-2.00
Pulverulenta, Bartley Strain,		
Hybrids, in shades of delicate cream, pink and		
rose; strong grower; flower stems some times,		
3 ft. high	.25	2.50
malacoides, lavender, per box—\$1.00	- 1	.30
obconica, light pink to rosy red, 4 inch pots	.25	2.50
polyanthus veris, Mrs. Berkeleys strain, extra large		
flowers, selected plants,	.10	1.00
Blue and violet shades,	.15	1.50
REHMANNIA ANGULATA—		
large dark rose-colored flowers, blooming all sum-	. 1	: ŧ
mer, per box—\$1.50		.50
ROMNEYA—		
coulteri, Matilija Poppy	0.0	
ROSMARINUS—	. ;	
officinalis, Rosemary	.30	
SALVIA—		
grahami, rosy red, shrubby variety	60	
leucantha, very conspicuous, purple and white		
flowers	.35 .	
SCABIOSA—		
caucasica, lavender blooms, extra fine for cutting	.15	1.50
THALICTRUM—		
diptherocarpum, Meadow-rue, dainty rose purple		
flowers on stem, 4 to 5 feet high	.15	1.50
VIOLA—	6	1
odorata, California, single purple		
odorata, Marie, Luise, double Violet		.35
Per 100—\$2.00- \$2.50.		
ZAUSCNERIA—		. •
microphylla, Calif. Fuchsia, bright red flowers25	ov ea	

Summer Flowering Bedding Plants

The plants are mostly Annuals, raised every year from seed or cutting; several are of a hardier nature, and under favorable conditions will stand our California winters. Prices are for plants grown in boxes or 2-inch pots.

PLANTING SEASON:

April, May and June, except for the winter and early spring bloomers, like Pansies, Winter Stocks, Wallflowers, etc.; plant those in October and November.

AGATHAEA—	Per doz.	of 50
coelestis, Blue Marguerite	40	
AGERATUM—	1	
Blue Ball, compact	30	1.00

		Box
AMARANTHUS—	Per doz.	
tricolor splendens		
	• • • •	1.00
ANTIRRHINUM— maximum, Snapdragons, mixed, rust proof	3.5	1.25
ASTER—		0
California Giants, pink, lavender, purple and mixed		
colors	30	1.00
Calif. Sunshine, anemone fl., mixed colors		1.00
Southcote Beauty, single mixed		1.00
BEGONIA—		
semperflorens, red, pink, white		1.35
Chatelaine, pink, dwarf	50	1.50
Tuberous, single, frilled and double	0 - 2.50	
Fotted plants, each—35c-75c.		•
CALCEOLARIA—	10	1
integrifolia, brown and yellow	40	1.35
CALLIOPSIS—		
Golden Wave	30	1.00
CALENDULA—	0.0	7 0.0
Orange King, and mixed colors	30	1.00
CELOSIA—	0.5	1.05
plumosa, Ostrich Plume	35	$\boldsymbol{1.25}$
CENTAUREA—	0.0	4 00
cyanea, Bachelor Button	30	1.00
CHRYSANTHEMUM—	7 1	
Single and Pompon, named varieties		
mixed varieties, all colors	.50	1.50
CINERARIA—	. 10	1.25
grandiflora, mixed	40	1.25
COSMOS—	2.0	1 00
Lady Lenox, pink and mixed	30	1.00
COLEUS— highly colored foliogo notted 150 500 coch		
highly colored foliage, potted, 15c-50c each.		
CYNOGLOSSUM— amabilia Chinaga Fangat Ma Nat	20	1 00
amabilis, Chinese Forget-Me-Not	30	1.00
FUCHSIA— Post single and double varieties 15a 50a coah		· · · · ·
Best single and double varieties, 15c-50c each.		
GAZANIA— splendens evense veriety outtings	15	.50
splendens, orange variety, cuttingslongoscapa, new yellow, cuttings		.75
HELIOTROPIUM—	·, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.10
peruvianum, potted plants, 15c-50c.		
LANTANA—		
sellowiana, trailing, lavender-pink, 15c-35c each.		1
camara, Hybrids, orange shades, 15c-35c each.	t	
LOBELIA—		
Crystal Palace, dark blue, Emperor sky-blue and	1	
Saphire, deep blue, white edge, trailing		1.00
MARIGOLD—		
African, Giant double, orange		1.00
French, tall and dwarf	30	1.00
Guinea Gold, semi-double, brilliant orange-gold,	.30	1.00
NEMESIA—		
strumosa, mixed colors	30	1.00
PANSIES—	0 =	4 0 =
Steele's Jumbo and Rogglis Swiss		$1.25 \\ 1.00$
Blue and Yellow Bedding varieties	0 U	1.00
ſ.		

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES.

Iron Oxide, for the control of snails and slugs.—10 lbs. 65c. Lime and Sulphur, a dormant winter spray.

Red Arrow, for Aphis, red spider, Mealy bug, etc. 1 oz. 35c. Snarol and Taps, snails, cutworms, etc.

Volck, an oil spray for mealy bug, scale and red spider. Qt. 75c.

Lawn Grasses

TO MAKE A LAWN:-

The ground should first be deeply spaded, adding commercial fertilizer or manure, and should then be leveled to the proper grade. A good plan is to let it lay for several weeks and water thoroughly. This will give a chance for many of the weeds to sprout and they can be hoed off as they come up. After the weeds have been removed, rake the surface smoothly and sow the seed broadcast at the rate of one pound to 150 square feet, except where noted.

After the seed has been sown, it should be covered with about one-quarter inch of good mulch, such as Imported Peat. This is very essential as it is necessary that the surface be kept continually moist, giving the seed an opportunity to germinate. After the first cutting it should be fertilized and in order to maintain a deep velvety green turf a dressing should be applied at least three times a year.

	Lb.	10 Lbs.
ASTORIA BENT—		
One pound to 500 square feet	1.75	15.00
CHEWINGS FESCUE—		
KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—		
The best grass for local conditions — 1 pound to		
150 square feet	.60	5.50
PACIFIC RYE GRASS—		
One pound to 100 square feet	.40	3.50
RED TOP GRASS—		
One pound to 200 square feet	.60	5.50
WHITE CLOVER—		
One pound to 300 square feet	.75	7.00
EVERGREEN LAWN MIXTURE—		
One pound to 150 square feet	.70	6.50
GOLDEN GATE PARK MIXTURE—		
One pound to 100 square feet	.55	5.00
SHADY NOOK MIXTURE—	.85	8.00

Prices Fluctuate and Subject to Change.

Fertilizer

Aluminum Sulphate, 5 lbs.	.50
	4.7
	3.0
	4.0
Gaviota, a garden and lawn fertilizer, 25 lbs., \$1.50;	
	4.0
	1.28
	3.28
	.60
Super-Phosphate, 10 lbs.	.5
Vigoro, a complete plant food, 25 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs., \$2.25	
100 lbs	4.0

Prices subject to change without notice.

LIST OF COMMON PLANT NAMES.

Common Name	Botanical Name	Page
Amaryllis	Hippeastrum	. 16
	Malus	
•	Thuya	
Ash	Fraxinus	12
Bamboo	Phyllostachys	16
	Musa	
Barberry	Berberis	7-11
Beech	Fagus	. 12
Bird of Paradise Shrub	Caesalpinia	. 11
	Betula	
Bleeding Heart	Dielytra	23
	Nephrolepis	
Boxwood	Buxus	. 7
Broom	Cytisus-Genista	8-9
Bridal Wreath	Spiraea	13
Burning Bush	Pyracantha	10
Butterfly Shrub	Buddleya	. 7
Calif Cherry	Prunus	. 10
Calif. Red Bud	Cercis	. 11
Calif. Pepper	Schinus	. 10
Calif. Christmas Berry	Photinia	. 10
Camphor Tree	Cinnamonum	. 8
Canterbury Bells	Campanula	23
Cedar	Cedrus	. 5
Cherry, Flowering	Prunus	. 14
Columbine	Aquilegia	22
Coral Bells	Heuchera	. 23
Crepe-Myrtle	Lagerstroemia	. 12
Cypress	Cupressus	. 5
Date Palm	Phoenix	16
Daisy	Bellis	. 23
Dogwood	Cornus	. 11
Dracaena	Cordyline	. 15
Elephant's Ear	Colocasia	. 15
Elm	Ulmus	. 13
	Digitalis	
	Corylus	
Fir	Abies	. 5
Five-Finger Fern	Adiantum	. 16
Geranium	Pelargonium	26
	Laburnum	
	Forsythia	
	Crataegus	
	Tsuga	
	Erica	
Holly	Ilex	. 9
-	Althaea	
Honeysuckle	Lonicera	15

LIST OF COMMON PLANT NAMES

Common Name	Botanical Name	Page
Ivy, English	Hedera	. 15
	Amelopsis	
	Larix	
	.Laurocerasus	
	Delphinium	
	Chamaecyparis	
	Virburnum	
	Syringa	
	.Tilia	
	Lippia	
	Robinia	
	Acer	
	-Gingko	
	Romneya	
	Thalictrum	
	Muhlenbeckia	
	Ceanothus	
	Sorbus	
	Philadelphus	
	Morus	
•	Myrtus	
	Nerium	
	Mahonia	
	Exochorda	
Peach, Flowering	Amygdalus	. 14
	Prunus	
	Pinus	
	Populus	
	Ligustrum	
	Cortadesia	
	Papaver	
	Primula	
	Cydonia	
	Sequoya	
	Cistus	
	Polygonum	
	Antirrhinum	
	Virburnum	
	Picea	
	-Arbutus	
	Dianthus	
	Platanus	
	Bignonia	
	Gerbera	
The state of the s	Liriodendron	
	Ampelopsis	
	Salix	
	Taxus	



KOSTERS BLUE SPRUCE

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